INTRO1. Aloha.

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You are receiving this candidate questionnaire because you are a candidate for the Hawai'i State House or State Senate in the 2020 election.

The purpose of this questionnaire is to gather information on candidates' positions on important civil rights and civil liberties policy issues that affect the lives of Hawai'i residents. This questionnaire was sent to every candidate running for Hawai'i State House and State Senate in the 2020 election. By responding to this questionnaire, you give permission for your responses to be made available to the public.

Responses will be published on ACLU of Hawaii's website, acluhi.org, sometime after June 18, 2020. Your responses will be published exactly as you write them and while formatting of the questionnaire may change when published to the website, the substance of both the questions and your responses will not be altered in any way. Candidates will *not* have the opportunity to make changes to their responses once submitted.

Questions are organized by topic. For most questions, candidates should provide a response to the question by selecting YES, NO, or PREFER NOT TO ANSWER. Candidates then have the option of elaborating on their position in the text box below each question. **The questionnaire is extended to Monday, June 29**, **2020**. No responses will be recorded after June 18. In publishing the results of this questionnaire, the ACLU of Hawai'i will note if a candidate did not respond to the questionnaire.

The intent of this questionnaire is for the sole purpose of producing and disseminating informational or educational communications and is not intended to influence the outcome of an election, question, or issue on a ballot.

The American Civil Liberties Union of Hawai'i is a 501(c)(4) nonprofit, nonpartisan organization. We do not support or oppose candidates for elected office. The mission of the ACLU of Hawai'i is to protect the fundamental freedoms enshrined in the U.S. and state constitutions.

<u>C</u> a	andidate Information				
Na	ame:				
	Mark M Nakashima				
SŁ	SB. Office/District for which you are running:				
	State House of Representatives, District 1				

INTRO2. Privacy & Technology

PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW

A recent study by the National Institute of Standards and Technology found that the majority of facial recognition technology programs exhibited disproportionate rates of error when analyzing the faces of women and people of color. In 2018, the ACLU tested Amazon's facial recognition technology software by running the photographs of sitting members of Congress against an arrest database. Twenty-eight false matches came

		ongressional Black Ca riums on government ι	ucus members. Multiple jurisdictions across the U.S. have use of this technology.
Q1. Do you su	pport legislat	ion ending governme	nt use of facial recognition technology?
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q1a. Please wr	ite any comme	ents you might have in	the box provided below.
Q2. Do you su the clear, writte			ntities' use of facial recognition technology without
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
0	•		
Q2a. Please wr	ite any comme	ents you might have in	the box provided below.
It would depend o	on the purpose for	using facial recognition techno	logy.
INTRO3. Police		LOWING QUESTION	

Q3. Do you support legislation establishing a uniform policy for law enforcement use of body cameras?

Yes No Prefer not to answer

Q3a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

	ITRO4. PLEASE DLLOWS	READ TH	E STATEMENT BELO	W AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT
pr pa civ	operty owner wit assed—and Gov	th a crime. ' ernor Ige ve	This is done through a _l etoed—a bill in 2019 re	eep—personal property without ever charging the process called civil asset forfeiture. The Legislature forming Hawaii's civil asset forfeiture law by prohibiting r had been convicted of a felony connected to that piece
Q.	4. Do you supp	ort this ref	orm?	
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q.	4a. Please write	any comme	ents you might have in	the box provided below.
	TRO5.	HE STATE!	MENT BELOW AND T	HEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS
				osure of police disciplinary records.
			ion repealing such sp ent officers in Hawai'	pecial protections and disclosing the disciplinary i?
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q.	5a. Please write	any comme	ents you might have in	the box provided below.

INTRO6.

PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS

The Legislature passed a law establishing a Law Enforcement Standards Board in 2018. To date, this board has met on two occasions and has not set any standards for law enforcement.

		ion to strengthen the the board additional r	board's independence, increase citizen oversight,
,			
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
•	0	0	
Q6a. Please write	any comme	ents you might have in	the box provided below.
		ds Board, much like the bill pa y committee in the past.	issed really accomplished nothing, which is why I did not pass the legislation as House
THAT FOLLOW Evidence shows the justice system and	nat school s adult crimi ently, stude	suspensions and schoo inal legal system, as wo	W AND THEN ANSWER THE THREE QUESTIONS ol-based arrests lead to further contacts with the juvenile lell as higher dropout rates and lower academic led for up to 92 days—over half of the school year—for
Q7. Do you suppo	ort further	limiting the number o	of days that schools can suspend students?
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
•	0	0	
Q7a. Please write	any comme	ents you might have in	the box provided below.

Q8. Do you support ending the use of school resource officers (i.e., police officers permanently placed in certain schools)?

Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
	•		
Q8a. Please write	any comme	nts you might have i	n the box provided below.
The school resource	officers I have r	net provide a positive role n	odel for students. I think the department screens officers who have the right
temperament for the			·
Q9. Do you supp	ort eliminat	ing status offenses	for youth, such as truancy?
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q9a. Please write	any comme	nts you might have i	n the box provided below.
INTRO8. Econom	ic lustice		
		MENT BELOW AND	THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS
Only seventeen p	ercent of wo	rkers nationwide hav	e access through their employers to paid family leave to
			a sick or injured family member. The availability of paid
			loyalty to employers, decrease employee turnover, and has
			decreased reliance on public assistance. Eight states and
			paid family leave to workers. In December 2019, Federal Employee Paid Leave Act extending 12 weeks of
paid parental leav		, 0	rederal Employee Falu Leave Act extending 12 weeks of
para paronian roav	0 10 111001 10	aciai cilipicycco.	
Q10. Do you sup	port legisla	tion to guarantee 12	2 weeks of paid family leave to Hawaii's workers
		of a social insurance	
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	

Q10a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

The	e difficulty in Hawaii h	as been iden	tifying a system to manage t	his in the state.
	ASE READ THE			THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS a sick leave to workers.
Trawe	arriaw does not	guarante	c any paid, short-term	TSICK ICAVE TO WOLKELS.
Q11.	Do you suppor	rt legislat	ion to guarantee pa	id sick days to Hawaii's workers?
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q11a	. Please write a	ny comme	ents you might have i	n the box provided below.
Half o	ASE READ THE of Hawaii's famil access to \$400	lies canno at any giv	t afford to meet basic en time, making ther	THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS The needs. A recent study found that four in ten adults do not one emergency—or court-ordered fine—away from based on affordability increases the likelihood that fines
will b	e paid in full and	d increase	es revenue.	ire courts to scale fines based on an individual's
inco		it logiolai	ion that would roqu	ino ocurto to ocuro mico bucca on an marriada o
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q12a	a. Please write a	ny comm	ents you might have i	n the box provided below.

INTRO11. PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW

State law punishes nonpayment of traffic and parking tickets by placing a "stopper" on a person's driving or vehicle record that prevents them from renewing or obtaining a driver's license or vehicle registration until they've paid the ticket in full, plus a 21% fee assessed by the state's contracted, Texas-based collection agency. Those who cannot afford their ticket and therefore cannot renew their license may be forced to choose between driving without a valid license (a traffic crime punishable by up to a \$1,000 fine or up to one year in jail) and losing their job or taking their child to the doctor. In recent years, several jurisdictions have either moved away from or completely stopped suspending licenses for nonpayment of traffic and parking tickets. In Hawai'i, there are approximately 350,000 outstanding license and registration stoppers.

Q13. Do you supparking fines?	pport legisla	ation that would end the use of "stoppers" for nonpayment of	traffic and
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
<i>Q13a.</i> Please wr	ite any comr	nents you might have in the box provided below.	
I do support legisla	tion that would re	equire the Judiciary to accept in state same day payment of outstanding traffic tickets and	l fines.
		raffic ticket amnesty program to ease the economic burden th g class in Hawai'i?	at traffic
			at traffic
tickets place on	the workin	g class in Hawai'i?	at traffic

INTRO12. Criminal Law Reform

PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW

Under Hawai'i law, it is a felony to possess any amount of a drug that has been classified as dangerous, which is essentially every drug except cannabis. Even the possession of small amounts is punishable by up to five years in prison and a \$10,000 fine.

		tion decriminalizing possession of small amounts of dangerous drugs, in effective, community-based drug treatment?
Yes •	No	Prefer not to answer
Q15a. Please write	e any comn	nents you might have in the box provided below.
Q16. Do you thinl	k substanc	e use should be treated as a matter of public health?
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer
Q16a. Please write	e any comn	nents you might have in the box provided below.
INTRO13. PLEAS FOLLOWS	E READ TI	HE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT
		most influential player in the criminal legal system, yet there is little publicly- ow prosecutorial decisions are made.
Q17. Do you suppincreased data tra		tion to promote transparency in county prosecutors' offices by requiring disclosure?
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer

Q17a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

INTF	RO14. PLEASE A	ANSWER	THE FOLLOWING THREE QUESTIONS	
Q18. inca	Do you suppor rceration?	t increas	sing funding for re-entry services for those who are released from	
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q188	a. Please write a	ny comm	ents you might have in the box provided below.	
Q19.	Do you suppor viduals?	rt measu	res to decrease barriers to employment for formerly incarcerated	
	Yes •	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q198	a. Please write a	ny comm	ents you might have in the box provided below.	
Q20.	Do you believe	that Hav	vaii's criminal legal system is working?	
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	

Q20a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

The legal system relies too heavily on incarceration as the answer to criminal behavior.	
INTRO15. Houselessness PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE THREE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW	
Hawai'i has one of the highest houselessness rates in the country. The number of unsheltered people has exploded in the past decade even though we have had low unemployment and a relatively strong economy. With COVID-19's harm to the Hawai'i economy, the number of people experiencing houselessness is likely grow.	
Q21. What do you believe is working and is not working about Hawaii's approach to houselessness?	
Please explain your thinking in the space below.	
Many of the housing programs are temporary fixes, and do not address the real problem that is Hawaii's high cost of living. Until we are able Hawaii's tax structure to limit the use of real property as a commodity rather than a necessity, we will not be able to brake the vicious cycle the Hawaii's high cost of living.	
Q22. Do you support legislation establishing a homeless bill of rights?	
Yes No Prefer not to answer O O	
Q22a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.	

Q23.

How do you plan to address houselessness in Hawai'i in the short, medium, and long term?

Please explain your thinking in the space below.

This past year, the legislature proposed a package of bills that would begin to address the cost of living in Hawaii that coupled affordable housing with	
lowering the cost of child care and making the earned income tax refundable. I think that if it passed as planned, it would have begun to change the	
trajectory of the cost of living for the better.	

END.

Mahalo for your participation.

Please select the 'Submit survey' button to submit your answers.

Aloha!