INTRO1. Aloha.

You are receiving this candidate questionnaire because you are a candidate for the Hawai'i State House or State Senate in the 2020 election.

The purpose of this questionnaire is to gather information on candidates' positions on important civil rights and civil liberties policy issues that affect the lives of Hawai'i residents. This questionnaire was sent to every candidate running for Hawai'i State House and State Senate in the 2020 election. By responding to this questionnaire, you give permission for your responses to be made available to the public.

Responses will be published on ACLU of Hawaii's website, acluhi.org, sometime after June 18, 2020. Your responses will be published exactly as you write them and while formatting of the questionnaire may change when published to the website, the substance of both the questions and your responses will not be altered in any way. Candidates will *not* have the opportunity to make changes to their responses once submitted.

Questions are organized by topic. For most questions, candidates should provide a response to the question by selecting YES, NO, or PREFER NOT TO ANSWER. Candidates then have the option of elaborating on their position in the text box below each question. **The questionnaire is extended to Monday, June 29**, **2020**. No responses will be recorded after June 18. In publishing the results of this questionnaire, the ACLU of Hawai'i will note if a candidate did not respond to the questionnaire.

The intent of this questionnaire is for the sole purpose of producing and disseminating informational or educational communications and is not intended to influence the outcome of an election, question, or issue on a ballot.

The American Civil Liberties Union of Hawai'i is a 501(c)(4) nonprofit, nonpartisan organization. We do not support or oppose candidates for elected office. The mission of the ACLU of Hawai'i is to protect the fundamental freedoms enshrined in the U.S. and state constitutions.

Ca	andidate Information
Na	ame:
	John E Miller
SŁ	3. Office/District for which you are running:
	State Senate District 22

INTRO2. Privacy & Technology

PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW

A recent study by the National Institute of Standards and Technology found that the majority of facial recognition technology programs exhibited disproportionate rates of error when analyzing the faces of women and people of color. In 2018, the ACLU tested Amazon's facial recognition technology software by running the photographs of sitting members of Congress against an arrest database. Twenty-eight false matches came

		ongressional Black Cat riums on government u	icus members. Multiple jurisdictions across the U.S. have se of this technology.
Q1. Do you sup	port legislat	ion ending governme	nt use of facial recognition technology?
Yes •	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q1a. Please write	e any comme	ents you might have in	he box provided below.
If your statements a	above are correct	then my answer is yes.	
Q2. Do you sup the clear, writte			tities' use of facial recognition technology without
•			
Q2a. Please writ	e any comme	ents you might have in	he box provided below.
INTRO3. Police I		LOWING QUESTION	
Q3. Do you sup	port legislati	ion establishing a uni	form policy for law enforcement use of body

cameras?

No Yes Prefer not to answer

Q3a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

INTRO4. PLEASE FOLLOWS	E READ TH	E STATEMENT BELOV	W AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT	
property owner wing passed—and Gov	th a crime. ernor Ige ve	This is done through a p etoed—a bill in 2019 ret	eep—personal property without ever charging the process called civil asset forfeiture. The Legislature forming Hawaii's civil asset forfeiture law by prohibiting r had been convicted of a felony connected to that piece	
Q4. Do you supp	ort this ref	orm?		
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer		
Q4a. Please write	any comme	ents you might have in t	the box provided below.	
INTRO5.	HE STATE	MENT REI OW AND TH	HEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS	
_			osure of police disciplinary records.	
		ion repealing such sp ent officers in Hawaiʻi	pecial protections and disclosing the disciplinary	
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer		
Q5a. Please write	any comme	ents you might have in t	the box provided below.	

INTRO6.

PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS

The Legislature passed a law establishing a Law Enforcement Standards Board in 2018. To date, this board has met on two occasions and has not set any standards for law enforcement.

	_	the board additional re	esources?
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
		, ,	he box provided below.
I do not have enoug	h knowledge of	the working of this board to ans	wer the question.
INTRO7. PLEAS THAT FOLLOW	E READ TH	E STATEMENT BELOV	V AND THEN ANSWER THE THREE QUESTIONS
justice system an	d adult crimi rrently, stude	nal legal system, as we	-based arrests lead to further contacts with the juvenile ell as higher dropout rates and lower academic ed for up to 92 days—over half of the school year—for
Q7. Do you supp	oort further	limiting the number o	f days that schools can suspend students?
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q7a. Please write	e any comme	ents you might have in t	he box provided below.
I believe that should for minor infractions		schools who know more abou	t the behavior of the students. But there should accountability if the suspensions are

Q8. Do you support ending the use of school resource officers (i.e., police officers permanently placed in certain schools)?

	•	0	
Q <i>8a.</i> Please wr	ite any comme	nts you might have i	n the box provided below.
If it saves one life	it is worth it. If rese	earch's shows its is harmful	to students then I might be open to support ending it.
Q9. Do you s ul	pport eliminat	ing status offenses	for youth, such as truancy?
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
			n the box provided below.
I don't have enou	gh information on tl	ne effects to the students at	out status offenses to answer the question.
NTRO8. Econo		MENT BELOW AND	THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS
care for and/or lamily leave has been linked to d Washington D.C Congress passe	bond with a ne is been shown i decreased infai C. have passed ad and Preside	w child, or to care for to increase workers' nt mortality rates and I laws that guarantee	re access through their employers to paid family leave to r a sick or injured family member. The availability of paid loyalty to employers, decrease employee turnover, and has decreased reliance on public assistance. Eight states and a paid family leave to workers. In December 2019, Federal Employee Paid Leave Act extending 12 weeks of
		tion to guarantee 12 f a social insurance	2 weeks of paid family leave to Hawaii's workers e program?
Yes •	No	Prefer not to answer	

Q10a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

Yes

No

Prefer not to answer

	ITRO9. L EASE READ T	THE STATE	MENT BELOW AND T	HEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS
H	awaiʻi law does i	not guarante	ee any paid, short-term	sick leave to workers.
Q	11. Do you sup	port legisla	ition to guarantee pai	d sick days to Hawaii's workers?
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q	<i>11a</i> . Please writ	e any comm	nents you might have ir	n the box provided below.
	ITRO10. LEASE READ T	THE STATE	MENT BELOW AND T	HEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS
ha fir	ave access to \$4	400 at any g dies have fo	iven time, making them ound that scaling fines b	needs. A recent study found that four in ten adults do not n one emergency—or court-ordered fine—away from pased on affordability increases the likelihood that fines
	12. Do you sup	port legisla	ation that would requi	re courts to scale fines based on an individual's
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q	<i>12a.</i> Please writ	te any comn	nents you might have ir	n the box provided below.

INTRO11. PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW State law punishes nonpayment of traffic and parking tickets by placing a "stopper" on a person's driving or vehicle record that prevents them from renewing or obtaining a driver's license or vehicle registration until they've paid the ticket in full, plus a 21% fee assessed by the state's contracted, Texas-based collection agency. Those who cannot afford their ticket and therefore cannot renew their license may be forced to choose between driving without a valid license (a traffic crime punishable by up to a \$1,000 fine or up to one

year in jail) and losing their job or taking their child to the doctor. In recent years, several jurisdictions have either moved away from or completely stopped suspending licenses for nonpayment of traffic and parking

tickets. In Hawai'i, there are approximately 350,000 outstanding license and registration stoppers.

Q13. Do you supparking fines?	pport legisla	ntion that would end t	he use of "stoppers" for nonpayment of traffic and
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
	0	0	
Q13a. Please wr	ite any comn	nents you might have i	n the box provided below.
Only if there are oth	ners ways to mak	e sure people pay the fines a	nd aren't intentionally breaking the law because there are no consequences.
			program to ease the economic burden that traffic
tickets place on	the working	g class in Hawaiʻi?	
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
0	•		
Q14a. Please wr	ite any comn	nents you might have i	n the box provided below.
But I do support a s	system of afforda	ble payment plans and or con	munity service. There has to be some penalties for breaking the laws.

INTRO12. Criminal Law Reform

PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW

Under Hawai'i law, it is a felony to possess any amount of a drug that has been classified as dangerous, which is essentially every drug except cannabis. Even the possession of small amounts is punishable by up to five years in prison and a \$10,000 fine.

Q15. Do you support legislation decriminalizing possession of small amounts of dangerous drugs, and reinvesting the savings in effective, community-based drug treatment?						
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer				
•		0				
Q15a. Please write	any comm	nents you might have in the box provided below.				
But it has to be a very	small amount	of the drugs and not enough to be classified as someone who is dealing these drugs.				
Q16. Do you think	substanc	e use should be treated as a matter of public health?				
Yes ●	No	Prefer not to answer				
©						
Q16a. Please write	any comm	nents you might have in the box provided below.				
I think it would be mor	e accurate to s	say substance abuse such as addictions.				
INTRO13. PLEASE FOLLOWS	E READ TH	HE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT				
		most influential player in the criminal legal system, yet there is little publicly- ow prosecutorial decisions are made.				
Q17. Do you support legislation to promote transparency in county prosecutors' offices by requiring increased data tracking and disclosure?						
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer				

Q17a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

INT	TRO14. PLEAS	E ANSWEI	R THE FOLLOWING	THREE QUESTIONS
Q1	8. Do you supp carceration?	oort increa	sing funding for re-e	entry services for those who are released from
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q1	8a. Please write	e any comn	nents you might have	in the box provided below.
Q1 ind	9. Do you supp lividuals?	oort meası	ures to decrease bar	riers to employment for formerly incarcerated
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q1	9a. Please write	e any comn	nents you might have	in the box provided below.
Q2	0. Do you belie	eve that Ha	ıwaii's criminal legal	system is working?
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	

Q20a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

I don't have first han	d knowledge about t	his to answer the question.			
INTRO15. House PLEASE READ T FOLLOW		NT BELOW AND THE	EN ANSWER THE THE	REE QUESTIONS THA	λΤ
exploded in the pa	ast decade eve	n though we have had	the country. The numb I low unemployment an Imber of people experie	nd a relatively strong ed	conomy.
•			about Hawaii's appro	pach to houselessnes	ss?
Please explain yo	ur thinking in th	e space below.			
doing a fantastic job addictions(not enou and oversight to mal	but they don't receiving beds and resource ke sure they take the	ve enough funding for everyd ces for rehabilitation) and tho eir daily medications) that wo	and families. There is not affor lay operations to keep them afl se with mental illnesses (they uld be more compassionate the ess and see nothing being done	loat. There needs to be more heed to be put into facilities to an leaving them out on the stre	help for those with drug o help them with therapy
Q22. Do you support	egislation esta	ablishing a homeless	s bill of rights?		
Yes	No F	Prefer not to answer			
Q22a. Please writ	e any commen	ts you might have in t	he box provided below.		

Q23.

How do you plan to address houselessness in Hawai'i in the short, medium, and long term?

Please explain your thinking in the space below.

In the short term get the people that are willing into safe and clean shelter. Put together a list of all the people and work with each one individually. Make sure minor medical needs are addressed before they turn into major illnesses. Give them access to showers and laundry facilities mobile ones if need be. Next teach them life skills. Help the ones who are addicted to drugs and alcohol get sober. Help the mentally ill get the medicine and therapy they need. Teach people job skills and help them find good paying jobs. Build affordable housing. Follow up on the people who are placed in housing to make sure they are adjusting. Keep finding the efforts in every legislative session until the homelessness is under control.

END.

Mahalo for your participation.

Please select the 'Submit survey' button to submit your answers.

Aloha!