INTRO1. Aloha.

21

You are receiving this candidate questionnaire because you are a candidate for the Hawai'i State House or State Senate in the 2020 election.

The purpose of this questionnaire is to gather information on candidates' positions on important civil rights and civil liberties policy issues that affect the lives of Hawai'i residents. This questionnaire was sent to every candidate running for Hawai'i State House and State Senate in the 2020 election. By responding to this questionnaire, you give permission for your responses to be made available to the public.

Responses will be published on ACLU of Hawaii's website, acluhi.org, sometime after June 18, 2020. Your responses will be published exactly as you write them and while formatting of the questionnaire may change when published to the website, the substance of both the questions and your responses will not be altered in any way. Candidates will *not* have the opportunity to make changes to their responses once submitted.

Questions are organized by topic. For most questions, candidates should provide a response to the question by selecting YES, NO, or PREFER NOT TO ANSWER. Candidates then have the option of elaborating on their position in the text box below each question. **The questionnaire is extended to Monday, June 29**, **2020**. No responses will be recorded after June 18. In publishing the results of this questionnaire, the ACLU of Hawai'i will note if a candidate did not respond to the questionnaire.

The intent of this questionnaire is for the sole purpose of producing and disseminating informational or educational communications and is not intended to influence the outcome of an election, question, or issue on a ballot.

The American Civil Liberties Union of Hawai'i is a 501(c)(4) nonprofit, nonpartisan organization. We do not support or oppose candidates for elected office. The mission of the ACLU of Hawai'i is to protect the fundamental freedoms enshrined in the U.S. and state constitutions.

<u>C</u> a	andidate Information
Na	ame:
	Boyd Ready
SI	3. Office/District for which you are running:
	State House of Representatives, District 47

## INTRO2. Privacy & Technology

### PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW

A recent study by the National Institute of Standards and Technology found that the majority of facial recognition technology programs exhibited disproportionate rates of error when analyzing the faces of women and people of color. In 2018, the ACLU tested Amazon's facial recognition technology software by running the photographs of sitting members of Congress against an arrest database. Twenty-eight false matches came

		ngressional Black Cau ums on government u	ucus members. Multiple jurisdictions across the U.S. have see of this technology.
Q1. Do you sup	port legislatio	on ending governme	nt use of facial recognition technology?
Yes	No ●	Prefer not to answer	
Q1a. Please writ	e any commer	nts you might have in	the box provided below.
It is inevitable in la	w enforcement but	needs strict civil liberties and	privacy-protection oversight.
Q2. Do you sup he clear, writte			itities' use of facial recognition technology without
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
⊋2a. Please writ	e any commer	nts you might have in f	the box provided below.
NTRO3. <u>Police</u> PLEASE ANSW		LOWING QUESTION	
Q3. <b>Do you sup</b>	port legislatio	on establishing a uni	form policy for law enforcement use of body

cameras?

No Yes Prefer not to answer

Q3a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

	TRO4. PLEASE DLLOWS	E READ TH	E STATEMENT BEL	OW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT
pr pa civ	operty owner wi assed—and Gov	th a crime. Ternor Ige ve	This is done through etoed—a bill in 2019	keep—personal property without ever charging the a process called civil asset forfeiture. The Legislature reforming Hawaii's civil asset forfeiture law by prohibiting ner had been convicted of a felony connected to that piece
Q.	4. Do you supp	ort this ref	orm?	
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q.	4a. Please write	any comme	ents you might have	in the box provided below.
	This reform is long p	ast due.		
	TRO5. LEASE READ T	HE STATE	MENT BELOW AND	THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS
Hä	awaiʻi law provic	des special μ	protections for the di	sclosure of police disciplinary records.
			ion repealing such ent officers in Hawa	special protections and disclosing the disciplinary ai'i?
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
	0	•	0	
Q.	5a. Please write	any comme	ents you might have	in the box provided below.
	Only those pertaining and all disciplinary re	g to egregious n ecords for consi	nisbehavior and dismissal f deration in executive session	rom the force should be public, but oversight by police commission should include an on.

### INTRO6.

# PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS

The Legislature passed a law establishing a Law Enforcement Standards Board in 2018. To date, this board has met on two occasions and has not set any standards for law enforcement.

Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Please write	e any comme	ents you might have in the box provided below.	
?07 <b>PI FAS</b>	F RFAD THE	F STATEMENT BEI OW AND THEN ANSWER THE THREE QUEST	IONS
	E READ THE	E STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE THREE QUEST	IONS
T FOLLOW ence shows ce system an ormance. Cui	that school so d adult crimio rrently, stude	E STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE THREE QUEST uspensions and school-based arrests lead to further contacts with the nal legal system, as well as higher dropout rates and lower academic nts are being suspended for up to 92 days—over half of the school ye	juvenile
T FOLLOW ence shows to see system an	that school so d adult crimio rrently, stude	uspensions and school-based arrests lead to further contacts with the nal legal system, as well as higher dropout rates and lower academic	juvenile
T FOLLOW ence shows to system and ormance. Cut smelling like	that school so d adult crimin rrently, stude e cannabis.	uspensions and school-based arrests lead to further contacts with the nal legal system, as well as higher dropout rates and lower academic	e juvenile ear—for
T FOLLOW ence shows a ce system an ormance. Cui o smelling like	that school so d adult crimin rrently, stude e cannabis.	uspensions and school-based arrests lead to further contacts with the nal legal system, as well as higher dropout rates and lower academic nts are being suspended for up to 92 days—over half of the school ye	e juvenile ear—for
T FOLLOW ence shows to system and ormance. Cut o smelling like	that school so d adult crimin rently, stude e cannabis.	uspensions and school-based arrests lead to further contacts with the nal legal system, as well as higher dropout rates and lower academic nts are being suspended for up to 92 days—over half of the school ye	e juvenile ear—for
T FOLLOW ence shows to e system and ormance. Cut o smelling like Do you supp	that school sold adult crimingrently, students cannabis.  Cort further I  No	uspensions and school-based arrests lead to further contacts with the nal legal system, as well as higher dropout rates and lower academic nts are being suspended for up to 92 days—over half of the school yellimiting the number of days that schools can suspend students?  Prefer not to answer	e juvenile ear—for
T FOLLOW ence shows to e system and ormance. Cut o smelling like Do you supp	that school sold adult crimingrently, students cannabis.  Cort further I  No	uspensions and school-based arrests lead to further contacts with the nal legal system, as well as higher dropout rates and lower academic nts are being suspended for up to 92 days—over half of the school yellimiting the number of days that schools can suspend students?  Prefer not to answer	e juvenile ear—for

Q8. Do you support ending the use of school resource officers (i.e., police officers permanently placed in certain schools)?

	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
	$\bigcirc$			
Q8a.	Please write any	commen	its you might have in the box provided below.	
Q9. <b>[</b>	Do you support	eliminatiı	ng status offenses for youth, such as truancy?	
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q9a.	Please write any	commen	its you might have in the box provided below.	
Qou.	Troubb Write arry		ne jeu migni nave in the sex previded selem	
But	home schooling stude	ents should n	ot be subject to truancy laws without specific standards.	
INTR	O8. Economic Ju	<u>ustice</u>		
PLE	ASE READ THE	STATEM	ENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS	
Only	seventeen nerce	ent of work	kers nationwide have access through their employers to paid family leave to	
care	for and/or bond v	vith a nev	v child, or to care for a sick or injured family member. The availability of paid	1
	•		increase workers' loyalty to employers, decrease employee turnover, and h	
			t mortality rates and decreased reliance on public assistance. Eight states ar laws that guarantee paid family leave to workers. In December 2019,	na
			nt Trump signed the Federal Employee Paid Leave Act extending 12 weeks	of
paid	parental leave to	most fed	eral employees.	
			on to guarantee 12 weeks of paid family leave to Hawaii's workers	
throu	ign the establis	nment of	a social insurance program?	
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
	100	INU	Telefillot to allower	

Q10a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

	If it is funded by an ins	surance progra	am similar to unemployment ir	surance.			
Pl	INTRO9. PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS						
Há	awaiʻi law does no	ot guarante	ee any paid, short-term	sick leave to workers.			
Q	11. Do you supp	ort legisla	ition to guarantee pai	d sick days to Hawaii's workers?			
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer				
Q	11a. Please write	any comn	nents you might have in	n the box provided below.			
	If paid days off, like 'va	acation days' f	or any reason can be used for	sick days, I'm for it.			
	TRO10. LEASE READ TH	IE STATE	MENT BELOW AND T	HEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT FOLLOWS			
ha fin	ive access to \$40	00 at any g ies have fo	iven time, making then ound that scaling fines i	needs. A recent study found that four in ten adults do not n one emergency—or court-ordered fine—away from based on affordability increases the likelihood that fines			
	12. Do you supp come?	ort legisla	ation that would requi	re courts to scale fines based on an individual's			
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer				
Q	<i>12a.</i> Please write	any comn	nents you might have i	n the box provided below.			
	Many people have und recompense for dama			nted - instead fines overall should be lowered and other forms of 'punishment' such as			

# INTRO11. PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW State law purishes represent of traffic and parking tickets by placing a "stepper" on a person's driving or

State law punishes nonpayment of traffic and parking tickets by placing a "stopper" on a person's driving or vehicle record that prevents them from renewing or obtaining a driver's license or vehicle registration until they've paid the ticket in full, plus a 21% fee assessed by the state's contracted, Texas-based collection agency. Those who cannot afford their ticket and therefore cannot renew their license may be forced to choose between driving without a valid license (a traffic crime punishable by up to a \$1,000 fine or up to one year in jail) and losing their job or taking their child to the doctor. In recent years, several jurisdictions have either moved away from or completely stopped suspending licenses for nonpayment of traffic and parking tickets. In Hawai'i, there are approximately 350,000 outstanding license and registration stoppers.

Q13. Do you sup parking fines?	port legisla	tion that would end the use of "s	toppers" for nonpayment of traffic and
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
Q13a. Please writ	e any comm	ents you might have in the box prov	vided below.
Need more informati	on to evaluate t	iis.	
		raffic ticket amnesty program to e ı class in Hawaiʻi?	ease the economic burden that traffic
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
	•		
Q14a. Please writ	e any comm	ents you might have in the box prov	vided below.

INTRO12. Criminal Law Reform

PLEASE READ THE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE TWO QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW

Under Hawai'i law, it is a felony to possess any amount of a drug that has been classified as dangerous, which is essentially every drug except cannabis. Even the possession of small amounts is punishable by up to five years in prison and a \$10,000 fine.

Q15. Do you support legislation decriminalizing possession of small amounts of dangerous drugs, and reinvesting the savings in effective, community-based drug treatment?				
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer		
•	0			
Q15a. Please write	any comm	nents you might have in the box provided below.		
Q16. Do you think	substanc	e use should be treated as a matter of public health?		
Yes	No	Prefer not to answer		
0				
	•	nents you might have in the box provided below.		
Need more information	n about the qu	estion.		
INTRO13. PLEASE FOLLOWS	E READ TI	HE STATEMENT BELOW AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT		
		most influential player in the criminal legal system, yet there is little publicly- ow prosecutorial decisions are made.		
Q17. Do you supp increased data tra		ation to promote transparency in county prosecutors' offices by requiring I disclosure?		
Yes •	No	Prefer not to answer		

Q17a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

//	VTRO14. PLEAS	SE ANSWE	R THE FOLLOWING T	HREE QUESTIONS
Q	18. Do you sup carceration?	port increa	sing funding for re-er	try services for those who are released from
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	
			•	
Q		-		the box provided below.
	Depends on who pe	errorms, and nov	v effectively such services.	
	19. Do you sup idividuals?	pport measi	ures to decrease barri	ers to employment for formerly incarcerated
	•	0	0	
Q		-		the box provided below.
	If employers who en	nploy former inn	nates get some measure of rele	ase of liability for wrongdoing in the course of the employee's service.
Q	20. Do you beli	ieve that Ha	awaii's criminal legal s	system is working?
	Yes	No	Prefer not to answer	

Q20a. Please write any comments you might have in the box provided below.

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Too slow to adjudicate. Too many crimes charged. Too few get trials. No local magistrates for petty offenses. Court procedure too obscure for ad pro se defense. Too many individuals left out with unserved warrants indefinitely.				
INTRO15. Housele PLEASE READ TI FOLLOW		NT BELOW AND THE	EN ANSWER THE THREE QUESTIONS THAT	
exploded in the pa	st decade eve	en though we have had	the country. The number of unsheltered people has d low unemployment and a relatively strong economy.  Sumber of people experiencing houselessness is likely to	
Q21. What do you belie	eve is workin	g and is not working	about Hawaii's approach to houselessness?	
Please explain you	ır thinking in tl	ne space below.		
and cared for. Defiant encourage regular ha	t sojourners too ea bitation. Large lan	sily occupy public property wi	style or rooming-house-type accommodations. Mentally ill not able to be restrained ithout interference. Payment systems should be linked to physical addresses to its to utilize land instead of 'banking' it. A regular industry of homeless service lem.	
Q22. Do you support le	egislation est	ablishing a homeles	s bill of rights?	
Yes		Prefer not to answer		
0	•			
Q22a. Please write	e any commer	nts you might have in t	he box provided below.	
Q23.				

How do you plan to address houselessness in Hawai'i in the short, medium, and long term?

Please explain your thinking in the space below.

Move legislation to lower the cost of housing and incentivize landowners and property owners to develop or adapt existing structures for low-cost housing uses. Emphasize provision of sanitary facilities wherever houseless individuals congregate. Examine sit-&-lie laws, changes to past vagrancy or loitering laws, and State and City land management practices that currently enable regularly sleeping rough (as the Brits call it). Consider modifying adverse possession laws to incentivize better property management, especially by government land owners who chronically ignore unpermitted occupations. Increase the amount of land zones as available for housing. Examine why in-flll development is so slow in many underutilized parts of the city, make policy changes. See what works elsewhere.

END.

Mahalo for your participation.

Please select the 'Submit survey' button to submit your answers.

Aloha!